Name

Memory in Primary/Secondary Sources

Emotions are interwoven through history. Emotional connections help us remember events, and many say that history is often filtered through emotion. Emotion can cripple the way we see events by littering the information with bias; but sometimes, emotion can give us valuable insight into the reason why an event was deemed important enough to remember.

Use this worksheet each time you evaluate a Lincoln related document:

Name of Source	
Who created this?	
Date of Source	
Where was the source created?	
What type of source is this? Circle one.	Primary Source Secondary Source
What type of Source is this? (Circle One)	LetterDiaryEntryNewspaperArticleInterviewSpeechPamphletPhotographArt(Painting/Drawing)Artifact/ObjectOther
What is the topic of this source?	
What information is provided by this source?	

What type of memory is	Autobiographical Memory Collective Memory
connected to this source?	Spontaneous Memory Intentional Memory
Circle one and explain	Flashbulb Memory
answer:	
	Explain why you chose this:
What emotions are	
connected with this	
source?	
Do you feel that the	
emotions connected with	
this document cause it to	
be biased? Why?	
Does the bias in this	
article help you to	
understand Lincoln better,	
or do you think it gets in	
the way of understanding him? Why?	
How could you make sure	
the information in this	
document is accurate?	
List the questions that this	
source leaves you with,	
and three keywords from	
this document that you	
could use for further	
investigation:	

Adapted from The National Archives Teaching with Documents Analysis Worksheets.